

PRACTICE MIDTERM 2

Disclaimer: This Practice Midterm consists of problems of a similar difficulty as will be on the actual midterm. However, **problems on the actual midterm may or may not be quite different in nature, and may or may not focus on different course material**. However, the actual midterm will have a similar format: one true/false problem, one short-answer problem, three long-answer problems.

- 1. True/False (no justification required)
 - (a) The function f(x) = |x+1| is not differentiable.
 - (b) Let $f(x) = e^x + 5$, where $-1 \le x \le 10$. Then, x = 10 is a local maximum of f(x).
 - (c) Let f(x) be differentiable everywhere. Suppose f(0) = f(5) = 5. Then, there exists 0 < u < 5 such that f'(u) = 5.
 - (d) If f''(p) > 0 then p is a local minimum.
 - (e) Let $y = \sin(\cos(x))$. Then, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin(\cos(x)) + \cos(\sin(x))$.
- 2. (a) Let $g(t) = e^{\cos(t^3)}$. Determine g'(t).
 - (b) Let $f(x) = \frac{\sin(x^2)}{e^x}$. Determine f'(x).
- 3. A piece of wire having length 10m is cut into two pieces. One piece is bent into a square and the other is bent into an equilateral triangle.
 - (a) Let x be the side length of the square. Show that the total area A of the square and triangle can be expressed as

$$A = x^2 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \left(\frac{10 - 4x}{3}\right)^2$$

Hint: the area of an equilateral triangle having side length a is $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a^2$.

- (b) Determine the side length of the square giving the largest possible area A.
- 4. Let $g(x) = x\sqrt{4-x^2}$, $-1 \le x \le 2$. Find global maximum and global minimum for g(x).

5. Let
$$f(x) = xe^{-x^2}$$
.

- (a) Determine the local maxima/minima of f(x).
- (b) Determine the inflection points of f(x).
- (c) Using what you've found, sketch the graph of f(x). (You may find the following information useful: $\lim_{x \to \pm \infty} f(x) = 0$.)